

### Performance and Stability Limits at Near-unity Aspect Ratio in the PEGASUS Experiment\*

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Long Beach, California

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#### This Session

GO1 15 Sontag - Equilibrium and Stability Analysis

### Poster Session - Thursday Afternoon

RP1 33 Unterberg - Characteristics of OH Plasmas

RP1 34 Garstka - MHD Analysis

RP1 35 Diem - Magnetic Reconstruction & Stability

RP1 36 Tritz - q(0) via SXR Imaging

RP1 37 Probert - HHFW

RP1 38 Ostrander - T<sub>e</sub>(0,t) via Multi-Color SXR

RP1 39 Schooff - T<sub>e</sub>(R,t) via CCD/PHA

RP1 40 Lewicki - Facility Development

<sup>\*(</sup>U.S. DoE Grant No. DE-FG02-96ER54375)

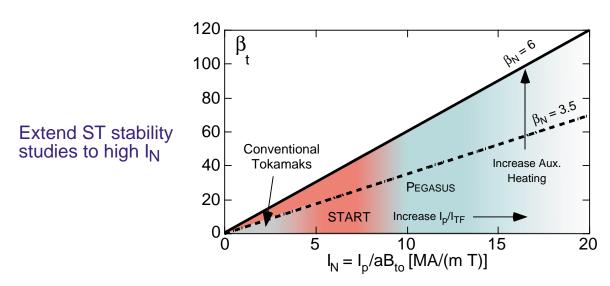


## Role of the Pegasus Experiment in the Fusion Science Program

An extremely low-aspect ratio facility exploring quasi-spherical highpressure plasmas with the goal of minimizing the central column while maintaining good confinement and stability.

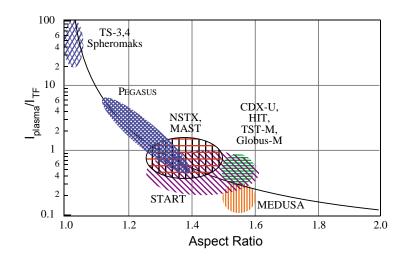
### • Plasma properties in Spherical Torus as $A \rightarrow 1$

- $\beta$  and  $I_p$  limits, disruptivity, and confinement dependence on A,  $\kappa$ , etc.
- New startup schemes (e.g., plasma gun current injection, EBW/ECH)



### • Physics of A $\rightarrow$ 1 plasmas as an Alternate Concept

- MHD equilibrium and stability at very low TF ( $\beta \sim 1$ )
- Explore RF heating and CD schemes (HHFW, EBW)



High TF utilization  $(I_P/I_{TF} > 3)$  $\Rightarrow$  Tokamak-Spheromak overlap



## Program Developments in 2001 Campaign

### Developing understanding of limits of operation at very low A and low TF

- Gain capability to explore high- $\beta_t$ , low- $q_a$  regimes

### Facility development

- Increasing ohmic drive capability: I<sub>p</sub> up to 150 kA
- New internal hardware and pfc's
- Diagnostics and analysis tools
- Initial operation of HHFW heating system

### Experimental Campaign

- Improved plasma formation control
- Extension to higher Ip capability
- Documentation of equilibrium parameters at very low A
- Identification of factors hindering access to low B<sub>t</sub>, high I<sub>p</sub>
  - V-sec availability
  - Large-scale internal MHD activity
- Demonstrate access to external kink limit at low  $\beta_N$

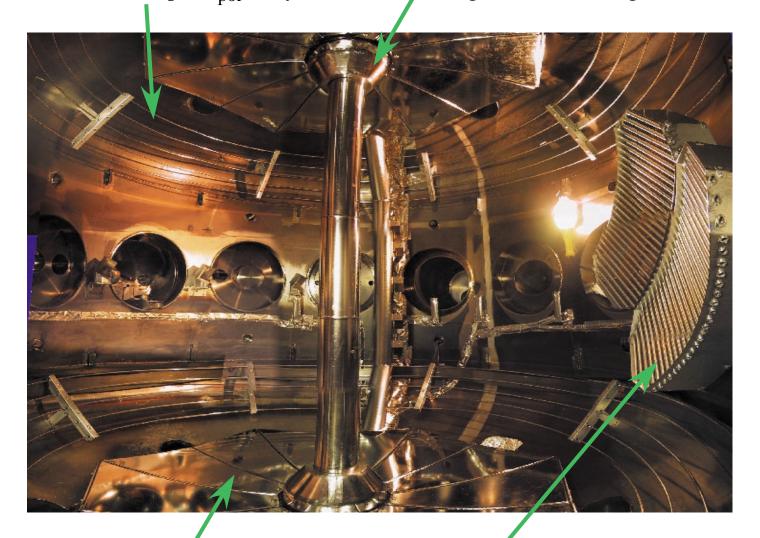
### Identify paths for next campaign

- Increased V-sec
- High power RF heating
- Increased B<sub>t</sub> with fast rampdown



# Facility Upgrades Installed in Major Opening in Fall/Winter 2001

- Internal diagnostics installed
  - Flux loops; B<sub>pol</sub> arrays; Centerstack magnetics; New Rogowski coils



- Improved plasma facing components
  - Divertor plates
  - High-power outer limiter
  - New centerstack shield / cone structure

- HHFW and EBW antennae
  - $P_{RF-HHFW} \approx 1 \text{ MW}$
  - Steerable EBW/ECH antenna



# Increasing Diagnostic Capabilities Deployed

### Presently operating

<b>Diagnostic</b>	<b>Capability</b>	<b>Measures</b>
Core Flux Loops	(6)	$V_{L}$ , $\Psi_{pol}$
Wall Flux loops	(6)	Vessel currents
Int. Flux loops	(20)	$\Psi_{pol}$
Rogowski Coils	(2)	I <sub>p</sub>
Diamagnetic Loop	(2)	$\stackrel{\cdot}{\Phi}_{tor}$ / $\beta_{p}$
B <sub>p</sub> , Mirnov Coils	(56)	B <sub>r</sub> , B <sub>z</sub> / MHD activity
VUV (SPRED)	5000 fps	Impurity monitor
Filterscopes	central chord	Oxygen, Carbon, D $_{\!lpha}$
Interferometer	single chord	$N_e$ 1
High Res. Camera	1000 fps	Plasma shape/position
2-D SXR Camera		Internal Shape/ j(R)

### Primary analysis tools operational

Equilibrium Code	R, a, $\downarrow$ , $\beta$ , $\kappa$ , etc.
DCON	Stability analysis

#### Near-future

Diagnostic	<b>Capability</b>	<b>Measures</b>	When?	
Poloidal SXR Diode Array	(19)	MHD Activity	Winter 2001	
Tangential CCD PHA	single chord	$T_{e}(t)$	Winter 2001	
Tangential Bolometer Array	~20 chord	P <sub>rad</sub>	Winter 2001	
Ross Filters	single chord	$T_{e0}(t)$	Winter 2001	
2-Color X-ray	single chord	T <sub>e</sub>	Winter 2001	
Tangential VB Array	~20 chord	$Z_{eff}(R,t), N_{e}(R,t)$	Summer 2002	
DNB		$N_e(R,t), T_e(R,t), j(R)$	Proposed	
EBW Radiometer		$T_{e}(t)$	Proposed	



## Pegasus Allows Access to Interesting Low-A Regime

- Routine high-stress solenoid operation
- Startup at low B<sub>t</sub> in presence of conducting walls
  - Induced wall currents modeled
  - Wall currents routinely included in equilibrium runs
- Plasmas show low-A characteristics

- 1	Low A	$A \longrightarrow A$	~	1.1	6
-		*			0

- 
$$High \beta_t$$
  $\beta_t \sim 25\%$ 

- 
$$High \beta_N$$
  $\beta_N \sim 5$ 

- High TF utilization factor 
$$I_p/I_{TF} \sim 1.2$$

- High normalized current 
$$I_N \sim 8$$

- High density 
$$n_e \sim n_{GW}$$

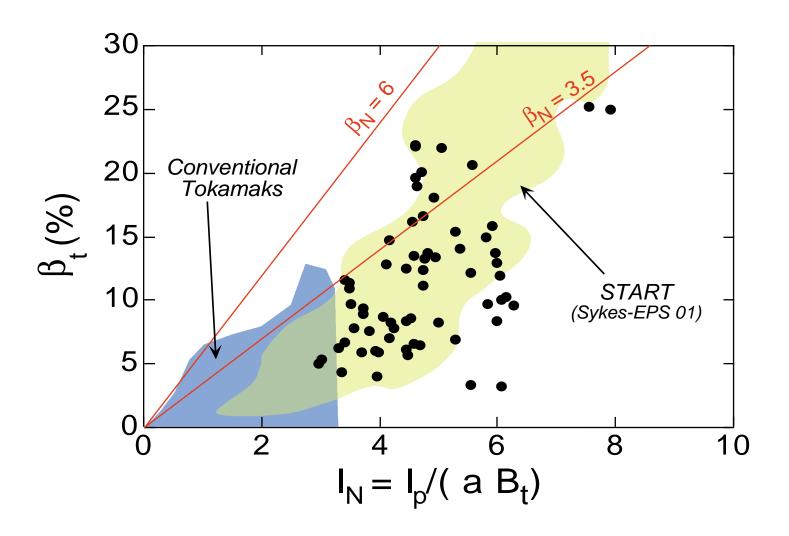
- Identification of factors hindering access to lower B<sub>t</sub>
  - V-sec availability
  - Large-scale MHD activity



## Pegasus Accesses High-βt ST Regime

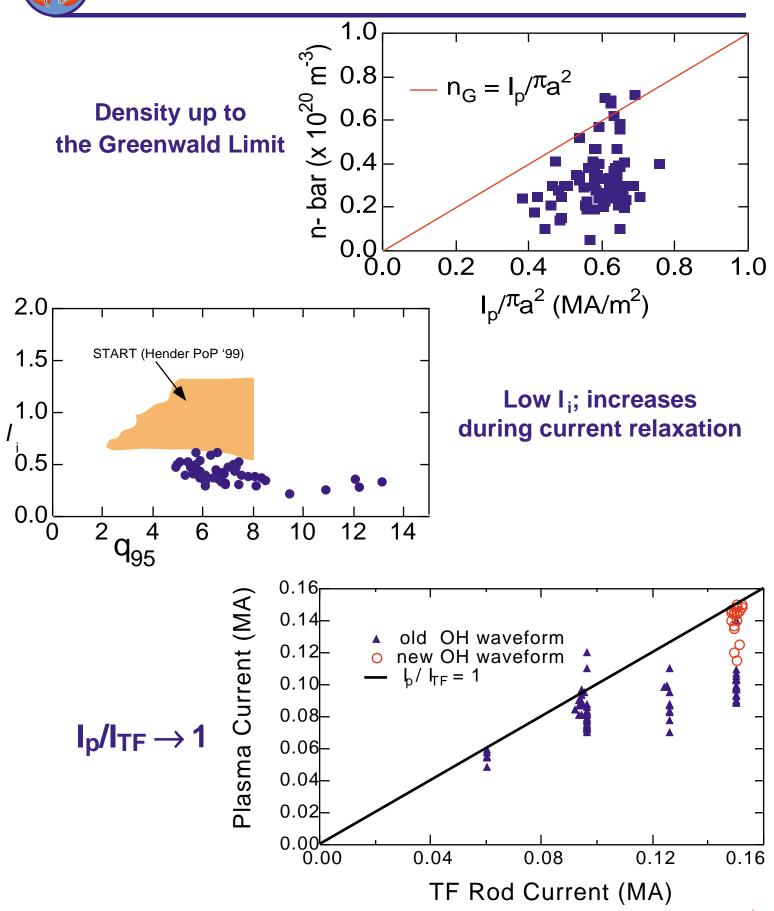
### • High $\beta_t$ attained at high density, low-TF

- Ohmic heating only; constant TF
- Highest  $\beta_t$ ,  $I_N$  at low TF (~0.05 T)
- So far, limited by discharge evolution





### High Density, Low I<sub>i</sub>, Low-TF Operation



Pegasus Toroidal Experiment University of Wisconsin-Madison



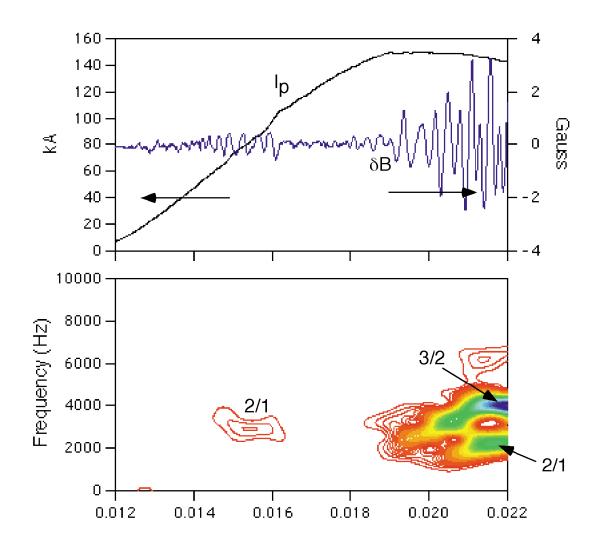
## MHD Activity Appears to Hinder Access to low-TF, high-β<sub>t</sub> regime

- Access to high  $I_p/I_{TF}$ , low- $q_{95}$ , high  $\beta_t$  regimes requires identification and suppression
- Evaluating role of MHD on access to low-TF OH regime
  - Correlate appearance with estimated q(0,t) evolution
  - Use flux consumption analysis for quantitative comparison Ejima Coefficient,  $C_e = high \Rightarrow poor$  use of Ohmic V-sec Ejima Coefficient,  $C_e = low \Rightarrow efficient$  use of V-sec
- Large Scale Internal Resistive MHD ⇔ Reduced I<sub>p</sub>, C<sub>e</sub> ~ 1
  - Internal modes appears to limit  $I_p$  in these cases
  - Mode is a large 2/1; observed when  $q_0$  drops below 2
  - Appears to correlate with a <u>large low-shear interior region</u> with  $q \le 2$
- External Kink Observed ⇔ max I<sub>p</sub>, C<sub>e</sub> ~ 0.5
  - External kink and/or V-sec limit at highest I<sub>p</sub>, B<sub>t</sub> cases
  - Appears as  $q_{95}$  approaches 5; higher than typical tokamak



## Higher-Current Discharges Exhibit a Variety of MHD activity

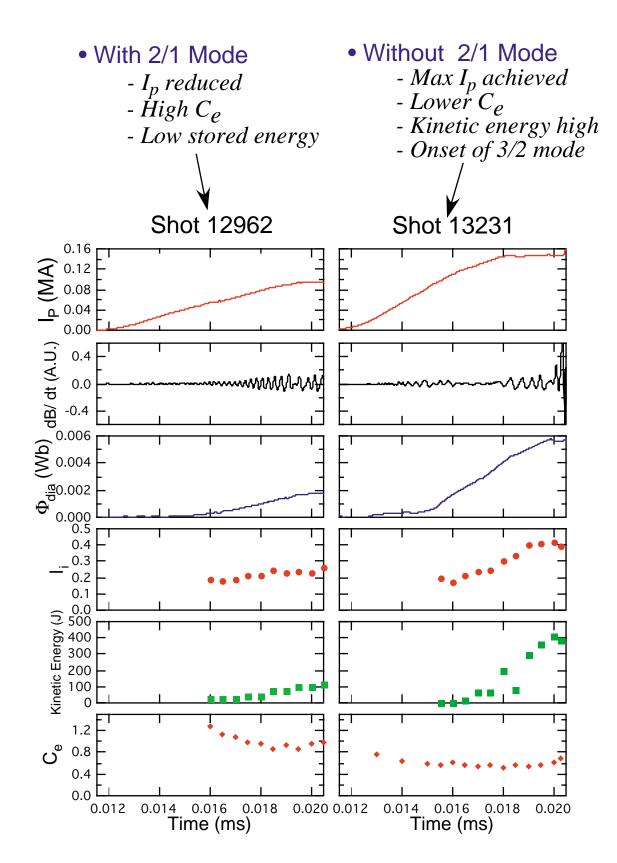
- 2/1 mode is observed but disappears
  - Pass through  $q(0) \approx 2$  region
- A 3/2 mode appears after a quiescent period
  - Correlated with q(0) dropping below 1.5



- Higher I<sub>D</sub> accessed by discharge tailoring
  - Increased loop voltage
  - Edge cooling through aggressive gas puffing



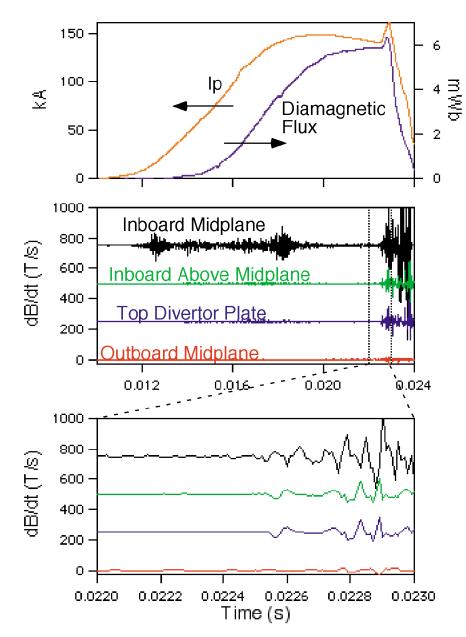
# Large 2/1 MHD Activity Degrades Plasma Evolution





### Starting to Challenge External Kink Limits

- Higher-I<sub>p</sub> discharges often terminate in abrupt disruptions
  - Precursor fluctuations observed on Mirnov coils
  - Lower-I<sub>p</sub> shots have IREs, followed by gradual plasma termination



- Observed disruptions are associated with edge q-limits
  - Oscillations not observed until  $q_{95} \approx 5$
- Consistent with theoretical understanding of ideal kink stability
  - DCON & VACUUM: Plasma-vacuum energy  $\rightarrow 0$  as fluctuations begin
  - As  $A \rightarrow 1$ , stable  $q_a$  increases

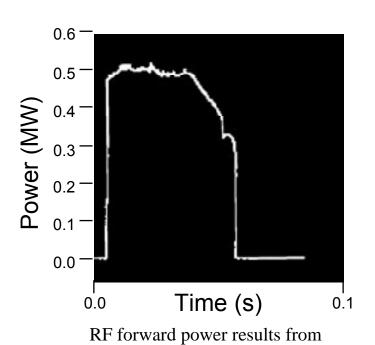




### **HHFW Heating Provides New Tool**

### HHFW system installed and heating tests underway

- $P_{RF} = 1-2$  MW available; sufficient to access high  $\beta_t$  regime
- Initial loading tests give an impedance of about 1 Ohm
- $P_{RF} \approx 100 \text{ kW to date}$  (Poster RP1.037 by P. Probert)



~ 50 ms test into dummy load



### HHFW applications:

- MHD control: electron heating; reduce resistivity earlier
- Startup assist via preheating and/or current profile "freezing"
  - Startup plasma phase: 40% single pass absorption
  - High  $\beta$  plasma phase: 100% single pass absorption
- CD possible with present power supply and new antenna



## Facility Upgrades Will Increase Access to low-q<sub>95</sub>, high β<sub>t</sub> Plasmas

#### Goals:

### Increased control of plasma conditions

- Density control, reproducibility, improved equilibrium field control

### • Suppression of large internal resistive MHD modes

- Increased I<sub>p</sub> ramp time\_
- Attain higher  $T_e(0)$  during formation
- Maintain q(0) > 2 during formation

### Control onset of suspected external kink modes

- $Maintain I_p$  ramp time
- Maintain high q<sub>95</sub> during formation
- Edge control: edge cooling, shear, etc.

### • Access to very high $\beta_T$ regime

- Increase  $I_p$ ,  $N_e$ ,  $T_{e-}$
- Improved access to low- $B_t$  regime

### Tools to achieve goals in near future:

- Between-shot gettering
- Increased V-sec
- Increased B<sub>T</sub> w/fast-rampdown
- Increased RF power
- Energize divertor coils

### Proposed long-term improvements to add control flexibility

- Programmable internal radial position coils and divertor coils
- EBW heating and startup tests



- Facility and analysis developments ⇒ increased capability
  - Internal hardware, wall conditioning, field programming
  - Magnetics diagnostic array and equilibrium analysis
- Plasma equilibria show low-A characteristics

-  $\beta_t \sim 25\%$ 

 $\beta_N \sim 5$ 

-  $I_p/I_{TF} \sim 1.2$ 

*I*<sub>N</sub> ~ 8

-  $n_e \sim n_{GW}$ 

 $A \approx 1.16$ 

- 2/1, 3/2, double tearing modes, IREs, external kink
- Access to low-B<sub>t</sub>, low-A operation: configuration and physics
  - V-sec capability can limit access to interesting physics
  - Large internal modes (2/1, 3/2) degrade plasma evolution
    - Susceptible due to large, low shear region and low Te?
- Evidence of access to external kink emerging
- Next campaign: focus on MHD control and challenge limits
  - High power RF heating
  - Increased B<sub>t</sub> with fast rampdown
  - Increased V-sec
  - Separatrix operation



### Pegasus Experiment Group

### **Pegasus Personnel - Experiment Team:**

Staff:

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