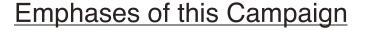


### Pegasus Extends ST Parameter Space

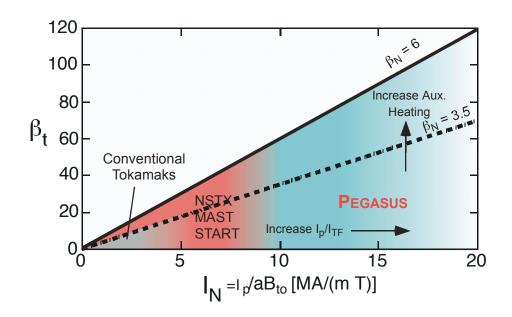


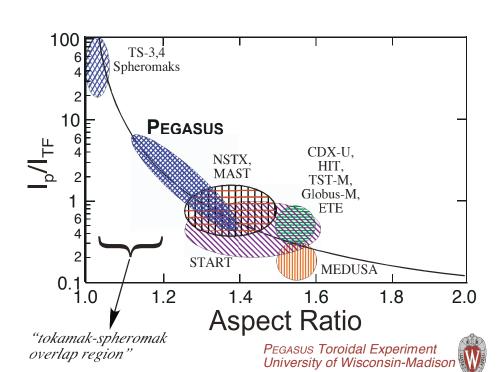
### <u>Goals</u>

- Limits on  $\beta_t$  and  $I_p/I_{TF}$  (kink) as  $A \rightarrow 1$ 
  - Overlap between tokamak and spheromak
- Stability and confinement at high I<sub>p</sub>/I<sub>TF</sub>
  - Extension of tokamak studies
- Support ST development to next stage



- Stability at high I<sub>p</sub>/I<sub>TF</sub>
  - Explore kink stability limit in ULART
- ST development support
  - EBW tests for heating and CD (w/PPPL)
  - Noninductive startup techniques





### **Outline**



#### PEGASUS Upgraded to Highly Flexible Facility

- Phase-I: "soft-limit" in  $I_p/I_{TF}$  due to low-A physics and limited discharge control
- Phase-II: facility upgrade ⇒ fully programmable power supplies ⇒ discharge control; flexibility

#### Recent Focus: Integration of Capabilities and Tearing Mode Mitigation

- Large array of upgraded capabilities nearly complete
- Phase-I operating space recovered and extended
- To-date: V-s  $\sim 30 \text{ mV-s} \approx 1/3 \text{ maximum}$
- Mode mitigation experiments ongoing with increased discharge control

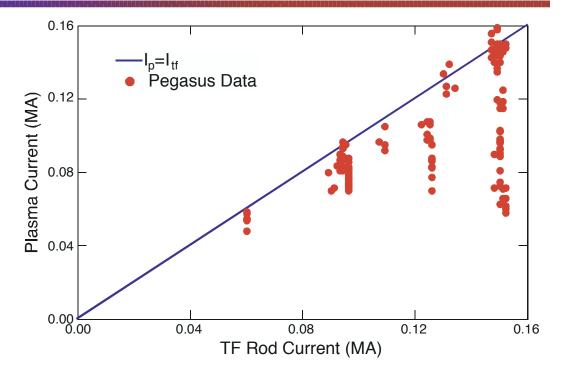
### Phase-II Campaign: Stability in I<sub>p</sub>/I<sub>TF</sub> > 1 Regime; ST Development

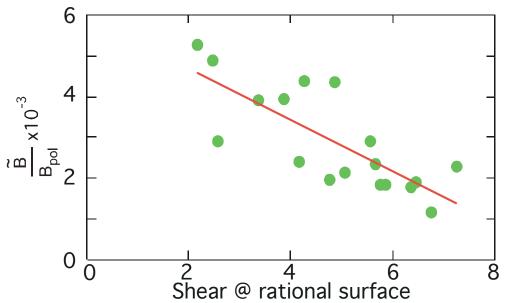
- Goal:  $I_p/I_{TF} \sim 2-3 \; (I_N \sim 10-20)$ 
  - Stability and confinement modelling show attainability in PEGASUS
- Electrostatic current injection and EBW heating development ongoing

### Phase-I Defined a "Soft-limit" in Ops



- Maximum  $I_p \approx I_{TF}$
- Soft limit due to 2 factors:
  - Tearing modes with rapid growth and large island widths
  - Reduced V-sec as TF decrease





- Crude manipulation of q(r) reduced mode amplitude
  - Increased shear,  $q_0 \Rightarrow$  delay tearing onset
- $\Rightarrow$  Access higher  $I_p/I_{TF}$  via higher  $q_0$ ,  $T_e$ , shear



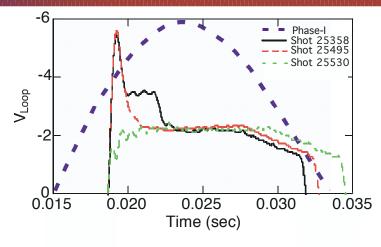
## Approaches Developed to Access High Ip/ITF

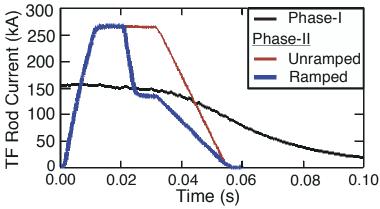
### $\cdot$ Approaches and tools to increase $I_p/I_{TF}$

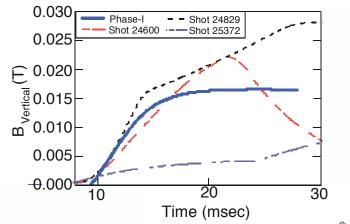
- Manipulate current profile
  - $V_{loop}$  control, position/shape control,  $B_t(t)$
- Reduce  $\eta$  before low-order rationals appear
  - $V_{loop}$  control, position/shape control, RF heating (HHFW)
- Transiently increase q during startup
  - $B_t(t)$ ,  $V_{loop}$  control

### Main facility modifications

- Power Supplies
  - OH: effective V-s † w/ increased waveform control
- Coil Sets
  - Lower inductance TF set: 60 turns  $\Rightarrow$  12 turns
  - PF Set: monolithic set  $\Rightarrow$  8 independent sets
  - Divertor coil set installed







## Highly Flexible Experiment with Modular Programmable Power Supplies

#### Switchyard with the 40 subsystems

### 250 MVA programmable power

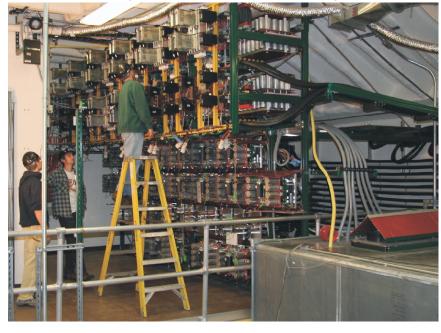
- Economical, high-power, solid-state switches
- Impedence matched for each coil
- Allows more effective power with less stored energy

### Large degree of coil arrangement flexiblity

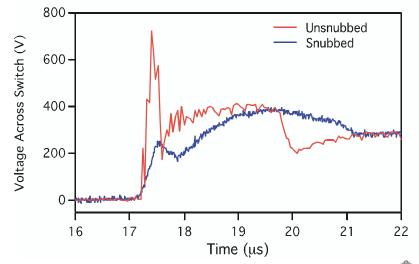
- Up to 40 independent subsystems @ 4 kA available
  - 28 @ 900V
  - 12 @ 2700V
- PWM feedback gives msec time response (U.Wash)

### Allows easy integration to active PCS system

- Real-time control under development with GA

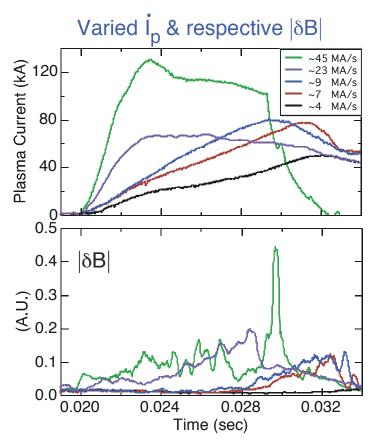


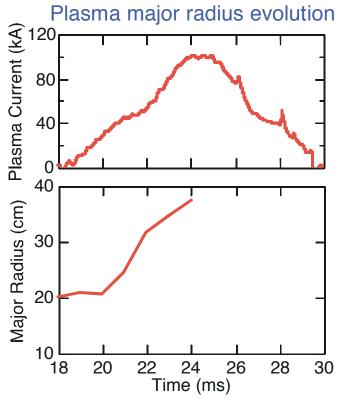
#### Transients across single switch in subsystem



### New Tools ⇒ Discharge Control & TM Mitigation

- Large array of new capabilities developed; deployed into routine use
  - Pre-programmed coil currents
  - New wall conditioning and fueling
  - Variable PF configurations
  - Increased TF with time-variability
  - Divertor coils
- Integration underway to access new operating spaces





### Operational Space Expanded



#### Phase-I operational space recovered and extended

- 
$$I_p \rightarrow \sim 140 \text{ kA}$$
;  $I_p/I_{TF} \rightarrow \sim 1$ 

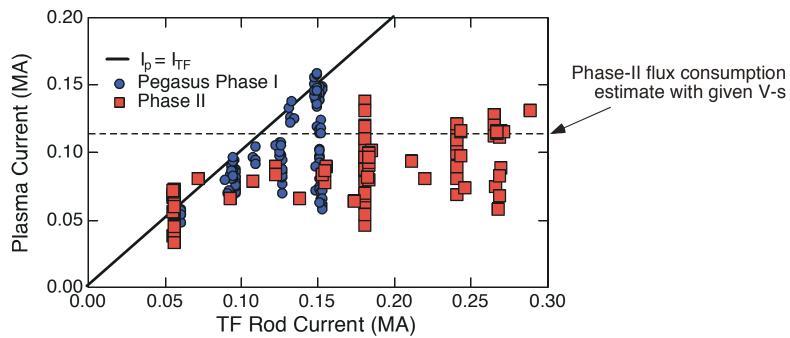
- m/n = 2/1 mode activity observed with ~ same magnitude as Phase-I

#### Discharge utilizing all available V-s

 $-\sim 30 \text{ mV-s}$  available vs. Phase-I 60 mV-s  $\Rightarrow 90 \text{ mV-s}$  (full design)

### Tearing mode mitigation experiments are ongoing

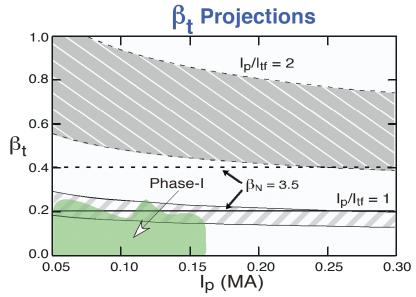
- Optimizing startup to navigate through MHD activity  $\rightarrow$   $I_p/I_{TF} > 1$ 

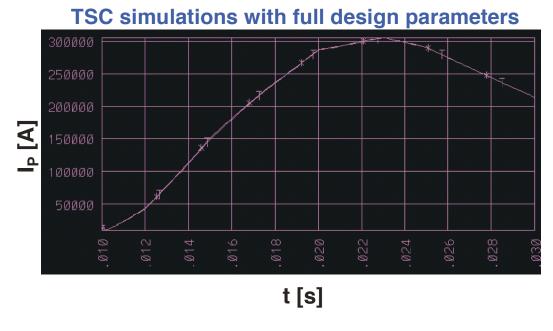


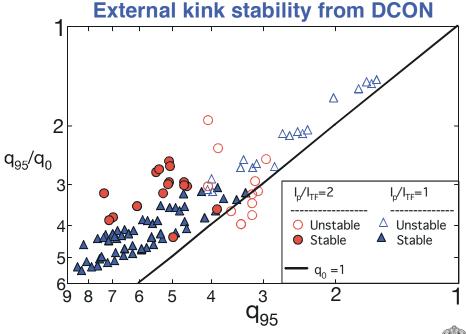
## Modeling Gives Path for High Ip/I<sub>TF</sub>



- DCON: kink unstable regime  $\sim q_{95} = 4$  and  $I_p/I_{TF} = 2$ 
  - Further modelling at higher  $I_p/I_{TF}$  ongoing
- TSC: suggests accessibility  $\rightarrow$  I<sub>p</sub> ~ 0.3 MA
- Confinement estimates suggest access to  $\beta_{t} > 40\%$







PEGASUS Toroidal Experiment University of Wisconsin-Madison

# Future Directions: EBW System and Electrostatic Current Injection

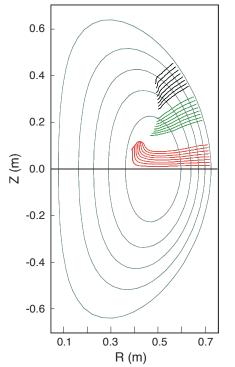


Plasma Gun Injection w/ Filament Reconnection

### Electrostatic Current Injectors installed and being tested

- Current amplification  $\rightarrow 20X$
- Filament reconnection  $\Rightarrow I_{\phi}/I_{GUN} \ge$  geometric stacking
- Closed flux surfaces requires field, gun optimization

### EBW Raytracing (GENRAY)



## • 0.5-1 MW, 2.45 GHz EBW system under development

- Provides convenient test bed for EBW physics in ST
- Experiments will be a collaborative effort with NSTX & PPPL
- Planned first heating experiments in 2007





### Summary



#### PEGASUS Upgraded to Highly Flexible Facility

- Phase-I: "soft-limit" in  $I_p/I_{TF} \sim 1$  due to tearing mode activity
- Phase-II: discharge control  $\Rightarrow$  250 MVA available in H-bridge subsystem

### Recent Focus: Integration of Capabilities and Tearing Mode Mitigation

- Large array of upgraded capabilities nearly complete
- Phase-I operating space recovered and extended (w/ 1/2 Phase-I V-s)
- Mode mitigation experiments ongoing with increased discharge control

### • Phase-II Campaign: Stability in $I_D/I_{TF} > 1$ Regime; ST Development

- Goal:  $I_p/I_{TF} \sim 2-3 \ (I_N \sim 10-20)$ 
  - Stability and confinement modelling show accessibility
- Electrostatic current injection and EBW heating development ongoing

### Pegasus Poster Session



#### **RP1 Session Thursday Afternoon**

• RP1.00051: Overview of the Phase II Campaign, Squires et al.

• RP1.00052: Plasma Gun DC Helicity Source, Eidietis et al.

• RP1.00053: Active Plasma Control System, Bongard et al.

• RP1.00054: Electron Temperature Diagnostics, Battaglia et al.

• RP1.00055: EBW Heating and Current Drive, Garstka et al.

• RP1.00056: Modeling of EBW Propagation and Damping, Diem et al.